## **GREAT & LITTLE BARUGH PARISH COUNCIL**

#### STANDING ORDERS

These Standing Orders are adopted by Great & Little Barugh Parish Council (the Council).

#### 1. Meetings generally

- a. Meetings shall not take place in premises which at the time of the meeting are used for the supply of alcohol, unless no other premises are available free of charge or at a reasonable cost.
- b. The minimum three clear days for notice of a meeting does not include the day on which notice was issued, the day of the meeting, a Sunday, a day of the Christmas break, a day of the Easter break or of a bank holiday or a day appointed for public thanksgiving or mourning.
- c. Meetings shall be open to the public unless their presence is prejudicial to the public interest by reason of the confidential nature of the business to be transacted or for other special reasons. The public's exclusion from part or all of a meeting shall be by a resolution which shall give reasons for the public's exclusion.
- d. Photographing, recording, broadcasting or transmitting the proceedings of a meeting by any means is not permitted without the Council's consent.
- e. The press shall be provided with reasonable facilities for the taking of their report of all or part of a meeting at which they are entitled to be present.
- f. Subject to standing orders which indicate otherwise, anything authorised or required to be done by, to or before the Chairman of the Council may in his absence be done by, to or before the Vice-Chairman of the Council (if any).
- g. The Chairman, if present, shall preside at a meeting. If the Chairman is absent from a meeting, the Vice-Chairman, if present, shall preside. If both the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman are absent from a meeting, a councillor as chosen by the councillors present at the meeting shall preside at the meeting.
- h. Subject to a meeting being quorate, all questions at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of the councillors or councillors with voting rights present and voting.
- i. The chairman of a meeting may give an original vote on any matter put to the vote, and in the case of an equality of votes may exercise his casting vote whether or not he gave an original vote.

- j. Unless standing orders provide otherwise, voting on a question shall be by a show of hands. At the request of a councillor, the voting on any question shall be recorded so as to show whether each councillor present and voting gave his vote for or against that question.
- k. The minutes of a meeting shall include an accurate record of the following:
  - i. the time and place of the meeting;
  - ii. the names of councillors present and absent;
  - iii. interests that have been declared by councillors and noncouncillors with voting rights;
  - iv. whether a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights left the meeting when matters that they held interests in were being considered;
  - v. if there was a public participation session; and
  - vi. the resolutions made.
- I. A councillor or a non-councillor with voting rights who has a disclosable pecuniary interest or another interest as set out in the Council's Code of Conduct in a matter being considered at a meeting is subject to statutory limitations or restrictions under the Code on his right to participate and vote on that matter.
- m. No business may be transacted at a meeting unless at least one-third of the whole number of members of the Council are present and in no case shall the quorum of a meeting be less than three.
- n. If a meeting is or becomes inquorate no business shall be transacted and the meeting shall be closed. The business on the agenda for the meeting shall be adjourned to another meeting.

#### 2. Committees and sub-committees

- a. Unless the Council determines otherwise, a committee may appoint a subcommittee whose terms of reference and members shall be determined by the committee.
- b. The members of a committee may include non-councillors unless it is a committee which regulates and controls the finances of the Council.
- c. Unless the Council determines otherwise, all the members of an advisory committee and a subcommittee of the advisory committee may be noncouncillors.

## 3. Ordinary council meetings

- a. In an election year, the annual meeting of the Council shall be held on or within 14 days following the day on which the new councillors elected take office.
- b. In a year which is not an election year, the annual meeting of a council shall be held on such day in May as the Council may direct.
- c. If no other time is fixed, the annual meeting of the Council shall take place at 6pm.
- d. In addition to the annual meeting of the Council, at least three other ordinary meetings shall be held in each year on such dates and times as the Council directs.
- e. The first business conducted at the annual meeting of the Council shall be the election of the Chairman and Vice-Chairman (if any) of the Council.
- f. The Chairman of the Council, unless he has resigned or becomes disqualified, shall continue in office and preside at the annual meeting until his successor is elected at the next annual meeting of the Council.
- g. The Vice-Chairman of the Council, if any, unless he resigns or becomes disqualified, shall hold office until immediately after the election of the Chairman of the Council at the next annual meeting of the Council.
- h. In an election year, if the current Chairman of the Council has not been reelected as a member of the Council, he shall preside at the meeting until a successor Chairman of the Council has been elected. The current Chairman of the Council shall not have an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chairman of the Council but must give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.
- i. In an election year, if the current Chairman of the Council has been reelected as a member of the Council, he shall preside at the meeting until a new Chairman of the Council has been elected. He may exercise an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chairman of the Council and must give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.
- j. Following the election of the Chairman of the Council and Vice-Chairman (if any) of the Council at the annual meeting of the Council, the business of the annual meeting shall include:
- k. In an election year, delivery by the Chairman of the Council and councillors of their acceptance of office forms unless the Council resolves for this to be done at a later date. In a year which is not an election year, delivery by the

Chairman of the Council of his acceptance of office form unless the Council resolves for this to be done at a later date.

# 4. Extraordinary meetings of the Council and committees and subcommittees

- a. The Chairman of the Council may convene an extraordinary meeting of the Council at any time.
- b. If the Chairman of the Council does not or refuses to call an extraordinary meeting of the Council within seven days of having been requested in writing to do so by two councillors, any two councillors may convene an extraordinary meeting of the Council. The public notice giving the time, place and agenda for such a meeting must be signed by the two councillors.

#### 5. Code of conduct and dispensations

- a. All councillors and non-councillors with voting rights shall observe the Code of Conduct adopted by the Council.
- The detailed Code of Conduct has been adopted in a separate document.
  That document shall form part of these Standing Orders.

## 6. Code of conduct complaints

- The Council has adopted a detailed Complaints Procedure in a separate document.
- b. The Complaints Procedure shall form part of these Standing Orders.

#### 7. Proper Officer

- a. The Proper Officer shall be the Clerk.
- b. The Proper Officer shall:
  - at least three clear days before a meeting of the Council or a committee, serve on councillors, by delivery, electronic mail or post at their residences, a signed summons confirming the time, place and the agenda.
  - ii. give public notice of the time, place and agenda at least three clear days before a meeting of the Council or a meeting of a committee

- (provided that the public notice with agenda of an extraordinary meeting of the Council convened by councillors is signed by them);
- iii. convene a meeting of full Council for the election of a new Chairman of the Council, occasioned by a casual vacancy in his office;
- receive and retain copies of byelaws made by other local authorities.

## 8. Accounts and accounting statements

- a. "Proper practices" in standing orders refer to the most recent version of
  Governance and Accountability for Local Councils a Practitioners' Guide
- b. All payments by the Council shall be authorised, approved and paid in accordance with the law, proper practices and the Council's financial regulations.
- c. As soon as possible after the financial year end at 31 March, the Responsible Financial Officer shall provide:
  - i. each councillor with a statement summarising the Council's receipts and payments for the year to date for information; and
  - ii. to the full Council the accounting statements for the year in the form of Section 1 of the annual return, as required by proper practices, for consideration and approval.
- d. The year end accounting statements shall be prepared in accordance with proper practices and applying the form of accounts determined by the Council (receipts and payments, or income and expenditure) for a year to 31 March. A completed draft annual return shall be presented to each councillor before the end of the following month of May. The annual return of the Council, which is subject to external audit, including the annual governance statement, shall be presented to council for consideration and formal approval before 30 June.

## 9. Financial controls and procurement

- a. Financial regulations shall confirm that a proposed contract for the supply of goods, materials, services and the execution of works with an estimated value in excess of £60,000 shall be procured on the basis of a formal tender as summarised in standing order 9(b) below.
- b. Where the value of a contract is likely to exceed £138,893 (or other threshold specified by the Office of Government Commerce from time to

time) the Council must consider whether the Public Contracts Regulations 2006 (SI No. 5, as amended) and the Utilities Contracts Regulations 2006 (SI No. 6, as amended) apply to the contract and, if either of those Regulations apply, the Council must comply with EU procurement rules.

# 10. Execution and sealing of legal deeds

A legal deed shall not be executed on behalf of the Council unless authorised by a resolution. Subject to standing order 10(a) above, any two councillors may sign, on behalf of the Council, any deed required by law and the Proper Officer shall witness their signatures.

These standing Orders were adopted in September 2019

S Houlston

Chairman